

GENERAL DESCRIPTION



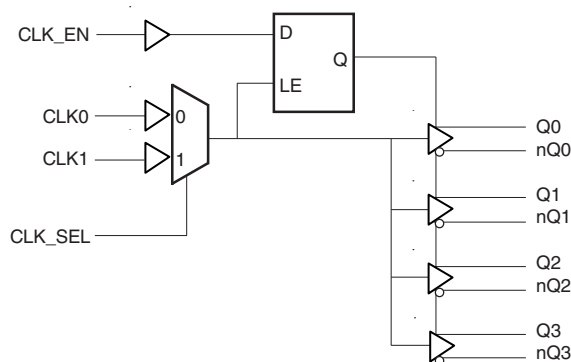
The ICS8525 is a low skew, high performance 1-to-4 LVCMOS-to-LVHSTL fanout buffer and a member of the HiPerClockSM family of High Performance Clock Solutions from ICS. The ICS8525 has two selectable clock inputs that accept LVCMOS or LVTTTL input levels and translate them to LVHSTL levels. The clock enable is internally synchronized to eliminate runt pulses on the outputs during asynchronous assertion/deassertion of the clock enable pin.

Guaranteed output and part-to-part skew characteristics make the ICS8525 ideal for those applications demanding well defined performance and repeatability.

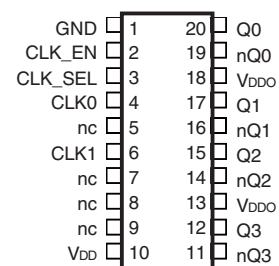
FEATURES

- Four differential LVHSTL compatible outputs
- Selectable LVCMOS / LVTTTL clock inputs for redundant and multiple frequency fanout applications
- Maximum output frequency: 266MHz
- Translates LVCMOS and LVTTTL levels to LVHSTL levels
- Output skew: 35ps (maximum)
- Part-to-part skew: 150ps (maximum)
- Propagation delay: 1.9ns (maximum)
- 3.3V core, 1.8V operating supply
- 0°C to 70°C ambient operating temperature
- Industrial temperature information available upon request
- Available in both standard and lead-free RoHS compliant packages

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN ASSIGNMENT



ICS8525
20-Lead TSSOP
 6.5mm x 4.4mm x 0.92mm Package Body
G Package
 Top View



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LOW SKEW, 1-TO-4
LVCMOS-TO-LVHSTL FANOUT BUFFER

TABLE 1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Number	Name	Type		Description
1	GND	Power		Power supply ground.
2	CLK_EN	Input	Pullup	Synchronizing clock enable. When HIGH, clock outputs follow clock input. When LOW, Q outputs are forced low, nQ outputs are forced high. LVCMOS / LVTTTL interface levels.
3	CLK_SEL	Input	Pulldown	Clock select input. When HIGH, selects CLK1 input. When LOW, selects CLK0 input. LVCMOS / LVTTTL interface levels.
4	CLK0	Input	Pulldown	LVCMOS / LVTTTL clock input.
6	CLK1	Input	Pulldown	LVCMOS / LVTTTL clock input.
5, 7, 8, 9	nc	Unused		No connect.
10	V _{DD}	Power		Positive supply pin.
13, 18	V _{DDO}	Power		Output supply pins.
11, 12	nQ3, Q3	Output		Differential output pair. LVHSTL interface levels.
14, 15	nQ2, Q2	Output		Differential output pair. LVHSTL interface levels.
16, 17	nQ1, Q1	Output		Differential output pair. LVHSTL interface levels.
19, 20	nQ0, Q0	Output		Differential output pair. LVHSTL interface levels.

NOTE: *Pullup* and *Pulldown* refer to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

TABLE 2. PIN CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			4		pF
R _{PULLUP}	Input Pullup Resistor			51		kΩ
R _{PULLDOWN}	Input Pulldown Resistor			51		kΩ



TABLE 3A. CONTROL INPUT FUNCTION TABLE

Inputs			Outputs	
CLK_EN	CLK_SEL	Selected Source	Q0:Q3	nQ0:nQ3
0	0	CLK0	Disabled; LOW	Disabled; HIGH
0	1	CLK1	Disabled; LOW	Disabled; HIGH
1	0	CLK0	Enabled	Enabled
1	1	CLK1	Enabled	Enabled

After CLK_EN switches, the clock outputs are disabled or enabled following a rising and falling input clock edge as shown in Figure 1.

In the active mode, the state of the outputs are a function of the CLK0 and CLK1 inputs as described in Table 3B.

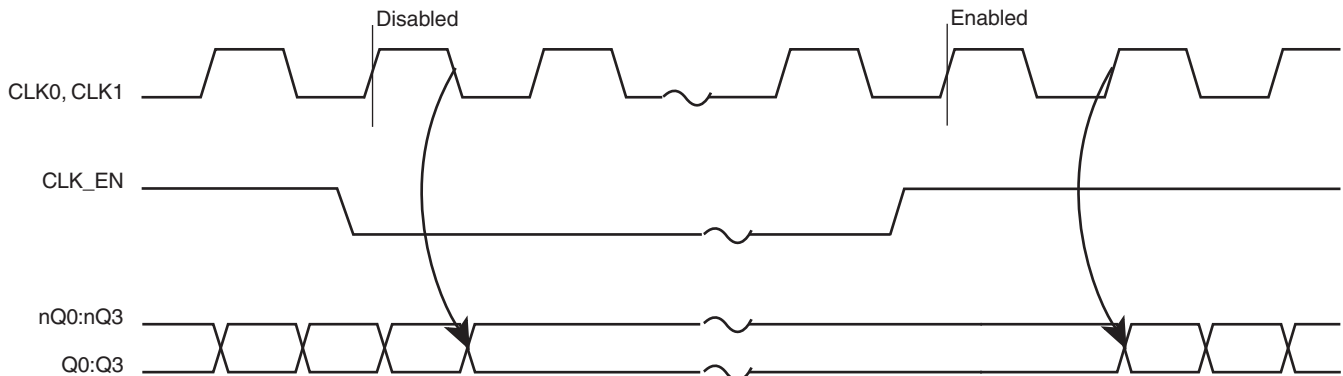


FIGURE 1. CLK_EN TIMING DIAGRAM

TABLE 3B. CLOCK INPUT FUNCTION TABLE

Inputs	Outputs	
CLK0 or CLK1	Q0:Q3	nQ0:nQ3
0	LOW	HIGH
1	HIGH	LOW



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, V_{DD}	4.6V
Inputs, V_i	-0.5V to $V_{DD} + 0.5V$
Outputs, I_o	
Continuous Current	50mA
Surge Current	100mA
Package Thermal Impedance, θ_{JA}	73.2°C/W (0 lfpm)
Storage Temperature, T_{STG}	-65°C to 150°C

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

TABLE 4A. POWER SUPPLY DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ TO $70^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{DD}	Positive Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V_{DDO}	Output Supply Voltage		1.6	1.8	2.0	V
I_{DD}	Power Supply Current				50	mA

TABLE 4B. LVCMOS / LVTTTL DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ TO $70^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	CLK0, CLK1	2		3.765	V
		CLK_EN, CLK_SEL	2		3.765	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	CLK0, CLK1	-0.3		1.3	V
		CLK_EN, CLK_SEL	-0.3		0.8	V
I_{IH}	Input High Current	CLK0, CLK1, CLK_SEL $V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$			150	μA
		CLK_EN $V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$			5	μA
I_{IL}	Input Low Current	CLK0, CLK1, CLK_SEL $V_{DD} = 3.465V, V_{IN} = 0V$	-5			μA
		CLK_EN $V_{DD} = 3.465V, V_{IN} = 0V$	-150			μA

TABLE 4C. LVHSTL DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ TO $70^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage; NOTE 1		1		1.2	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage; NOTE 1		0		0.4	V
V_{OX}	Output Crossover Voltage		$40\% \times (V_{OH} - V_{OL}) + V_{OL}$		$60\% \times (V_{OH} - V_{OL}) + V_{OL}$	V
V_{SWING}	Peak-to-Peak Output Voltage Swing		0.75		1.25	V

NOTE 1: Outputs terminated with 50Ω to GND.



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TABLE 5. AC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ TO $70^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f_{MAX}	Maximum Output Frequency				266	MHz
t_{PD}	Propagation Delay; NOTE 1	$f \leq 266MHz$	1.0		1.9	ns
$t_{sk(o)}$	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 4				35	ps
$t_{sk(pp)}$	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 4				150	ps
t_{R}/t_{F}	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80% @ 50MHz	300		700	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle		45	50	55	%

All parameters measured at 266MHz unless noted otherwise.

The cycle-to-cycle jitter on the input will equal the jitter on the output. The part does not add jitter.

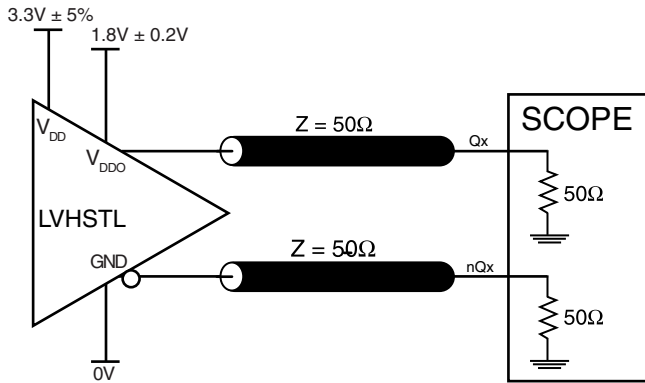
NOTE 1: Measured from the $V_{DD}/2$ of the input to the differential output crossing point.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at the output differential cross points.

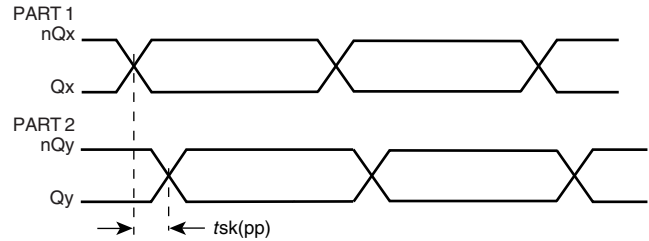
NOTE 3: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltages and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of inputs on each device, the outputs are measured at the differential cross points.

NOTE 4: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

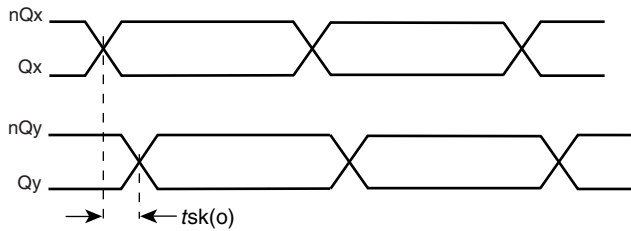
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



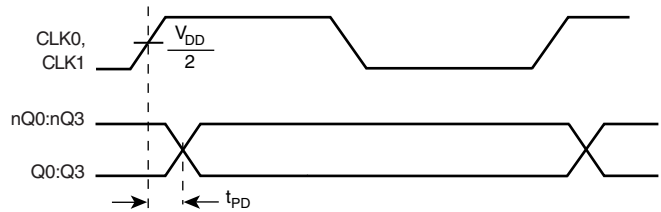
3.3V CORE/1.8V OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT



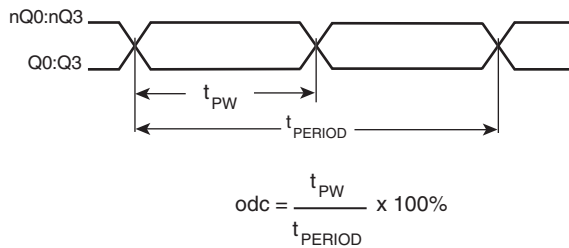
PART-TO-PART SKEW



OUTPUT SKEW



PROPAGATION DELAY



OUTPUT DUTY CYCLE/PULSE WIDTH/PERIOD



OUTPUT RISE/FALL TIME



APPLICATION INFORMATION

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR UNUSED INPUT AND OUTPUT PINS

INPUTS:

CLK INPUT:

For applications not requiring the use of a clock input, it can be left floating. Though not required, but for additional protection, a 1k Ω resistor can be tied from the CLK input to ground.

LVCMOS CONTROL PINS:

All control pins have internal pull-ups or pull-downs; additional resistance is not required but can be added for additional protection. A 1k Ω resistor can be used.

OUTPUTS:

LVHSTL OUTPUT

All unused LVHSTL outputs can be left floating. We recommend that there is no trace attached. Both sides of the differential output pair should either be left floating or terminated.



POWER CONSIDERATIONS

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the ICS8525. Equations and example calculations are also provided.

1. Power Dissipation.

The total power dissipation for the ICS8525 is the sum of the core power plus the power dissipated in the load(s). The following is the power dissipation for $V_{DD} = 3.3V + 5\% = 3.465V$, which gives worst case results.

NOTE: Please refer to Section 3 for details on calculating power dissipated in the load.

- Power (core)_{MAX} = $V_{DD_MAX} * I_{DD_MAX} = 3.465V * 50mA = 173.25mW$
- Power (outputs)_{MAX} = **32.8mW/Loaded Output pair**
 If all outputs are loaded, the total power is $4 * 32.8mW = 131.2mW$

Total Power_{MAX} (3.465V, with all outputs switching) = $173.25mW + 131.2mW = 304.45mW$

2. Junction Temperature.

Junction temperature, T_j, is the temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad and directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature for HiPerClockS™ devices is 125°C.

The equation for T_j is as follows: $T_j = \theta_{JA} * Pd_total + T_A$

T_j = Junction Temperature

θ_{JA} = junction-to-ambient thermal resistance

Pd_{total} = Total device power dissipation (example calculation is in section 1 above)

T_A = Ambient Temperature

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} must be used. Assuming a moderate air flow of 200 linear feet per minute and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 66.6°C/W per Table 6 below. Therefore, T_j for an ambient temperature of 70°C with all outputs switching is:

$70^\circ C + 0.305W * 66.6^\circ C/W = 90.3^\circ C$. This is well below the limit of 125°C.

This calculation is only an example. T_j will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow, and the type of board (single layer or multi-layer).

TABLE 6. THERMAL RESISTANCE θ_{JA} FOR 20-PIN TSSOP, FORCED CONVECTION

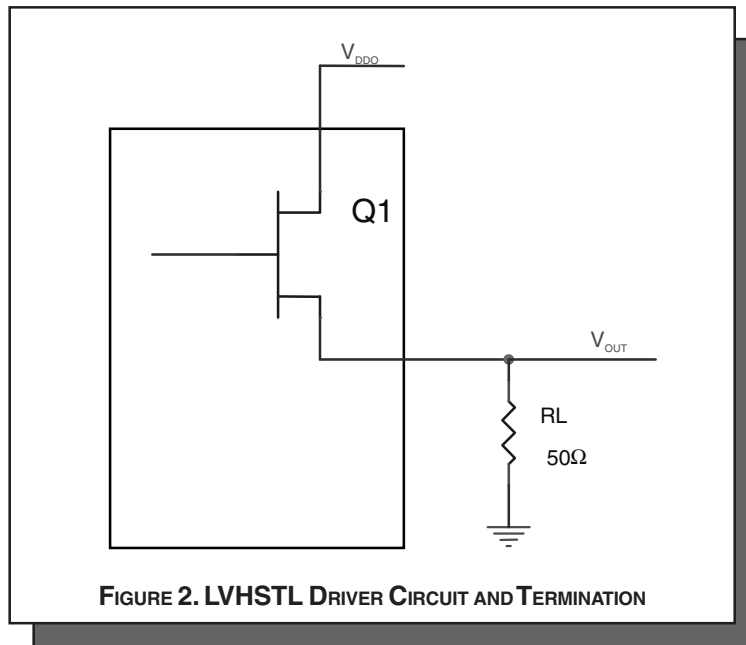
θ_{JA} by Velocity (Linear Feet per Minute)			
	0	200	500
Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	114.5°C/W	98.0°C/W	88.0°C/W
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	73.2°C/W	66.6°C/W	63.5°C/W

NOTE: Most modern PCB designs use multi-layered boards. The data in the second row pertains to most designs.

3. Calculations and Equations.

The purpose of this section is to derive the power dissipated into the load.

LVHSTL output driver circuit and termination are shown in *Figure 2*.



To calculate worst case power dissipation into the load, use the following equations which assume a 50Ω load.

Pd_H is power dissipation when the output drives high.

Pd_L is the power dissipation when the output drives low.

$$Pd_H = (V_{OH_MIN} / R_L) * (V_{DDO_MAX} - V_{OH_MIN})$$

$$Pd_L = (V_{OL_MAX} / R_L) * (V_{DDO_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX})$$

$$Pd_H = (1V/50\Omega) * (2V - 1V) = \mathbf{20mW}$$

$$Pd_L = (0.4V/50\Omega) * (2V - 0.4V) = \mathbf{12.8mW}$$

$$\text{Total Power Dissipation per output pair} = Pd_H + Pd_L = \mathbf{32.8mW}$$



RELIABILITY INFORMATION

TABLE 7. θ_{JA} vs. AIR FLOW TABLE FOR 20 LEAD TSSOP

θ_{JA} by Velocity (Linear Feet per Minute)			
	0	200	500
Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	114.5°C/W	98.0°C/W	88.0°C/W
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	73.2°C/W	66.6°C/W	63.5°C/W

NOTE: Most modern PCB designs use multi-layered boards. The data in the second row pertains to most designs.

TRANSISTOR COUNT

The transistor count for ICS8525 is: 484

PACKAGE OUTLINE - G SUFFIX FOR 20 LEAD TSSOP

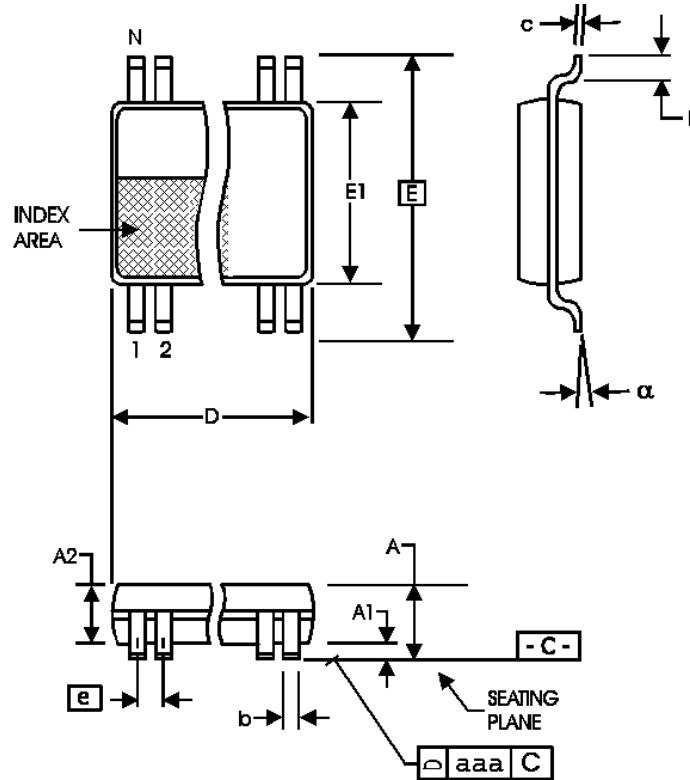


TABLE 8. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Symbol	Millimeters	
	Minimum	Maximum
N	20	
A	--	1.20
A1	0.05	0.15
A2	0.80	1.05
b	0.19	0.30
c	0.09	0.20
D	6.40	6.60
E	6.40 BASIC	
E1	4.30	4.50
e	0.65 BASIC	
L	0.45	0.75
α	0°	8°
aaa	--	0.10

REFERENCE DOCUMENT: JEDEC PUBLICATION 95, MO-153



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TABLE 9. ORDERING INFORMATION

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Shipping Packaging	Temperature
ICS8525BG	ICS8525BG	20 lead TSSOP	tube	0°C to 70°C
ICS8525BGT	ICS8525BG	20 lead TSSOP	2500 tape & reel	0°C to 70°C
ICS8525BGLF	ICS8525BGLF	20 lead "Lead-Free" TSSOP	tube	0°C to 70°C
ICS8525BGLFT	ICS8525BGLF	20 lead "Lead-Free" TSSOP	2500 tape & reel	0°C to 70°C

NOTE: Parts that are ordered with an "LF" suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.

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REVISION HISTORY SHEET				
Rev	Table	Page	Description of Change	Date
B		3	Updated Figure 1, CLK_EN Timing Diagram.	10/17/01
B		3	Updated Figure 1, CLK_EN Timing Diagram.	11/2/01
B		1	Features section, deleted 1.8V in Bullet 1 and 4.	5/6/02
C	T2	1	Added lead-free bullet.	11/16/05
		2	Pin Characteristics Table - changed C_{IN} 4pF max. to 4pF typical.	
	7	Added <i>Recommendations for Unused Input and Output Pins</i> .		
	8-9	Corrected Power Considerations, Power Dissipation calculation.		
T9	12	Ordering Information Table - added lead-free part number note. Updated layout of datasheet.		
C	T9	12	Ordering Information Table - added Lead Free marking	8/1/07